The Net Change in Fund Balances for governmental funds of (\$318,664) in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances differs from the Change in Net Assets for governmental activities of (\$76,818) reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The main components of the difference are described below.

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (318,664)

When capital assets used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed in the current fiscal year, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, donations, transfers, gain or losses from sales and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds. These assets, and their associated depreciation expense, must be reported or removed in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the \$135,084 expenditures of capital outlay, capital contributions, depreciation and other disposals/acquisitions of capital assets are as follows:

Expenditures for capital outlay:

Land	26,980	
Structures and Improvements	103,737	
Equipment	17,242	
Other Disposals/Acquisitions of Capital Assets,		
net of Gains/Losses on Sale	(700)	
Depreciation Expense	(60,742)	
Capital Contributions	48,567	135,084

The payment of principal on long-term debt or the payment of other long-term liabilities is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds because current financial resources have been consumed. Bond proceeds, net of payments to escrow agents and principal payments, are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. These transactions do not have any effect on net assets in the government-wide financial statements. The details of the \$204,681 principal and other long-term liability payments and other financing sources are as follows:

Principal and Other Long-Term Liability Payments:

Bonds Payable	199,451	
Capital Lease Obligations	5,817	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	(587)	204,681

Government Mandated and Voluntary Nonexchange, net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts Property Tax Revenues Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds until paid. The following amounts represent the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term liabilities: Accrued Interest Expense on Bonds Payable Accrued Expense on Bonds Payable Amortization of Deferred Charges (2,279) Compensated Employee Absences Expense (2,279) Pension Costs and Amortization of the County's Investment Account with OCERS (61,633) Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds Internal Service Funds (ISF) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, transportation, and telephone services to individual governmental funds. The loss of Internal Service Funds is eliminated in the Statement of Activities as an adjustment to the various functions to arrive at a break-even basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the Internal Service Funds are recorded in governmental Activities. Allocation of ISF's Operating Loss to Governmental Activities, net of Business-Type Activities Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses to Governmental Activities Governmental Activities 14,604 (7,994) For FY 2008-09, the annual required contribution for OPEB was \$25,900 and the annual OPEB cost was \$25,167. County contributions, totaling \$36,047 were deposited into the Retiree Medical Trust. The excess OPEB contribution of \$10,880 was treated as a reduction to the various functional expenses in order to correctly reflect each function's OPEB cost. Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	Revenues related to prior years that are available in the current fiscal year are reported as revenue in the governmental funds. In contrast, revenues that are earned, but unavailable in the current year are deferred in the governmental funds. For government-wide reporting, revenue is recognized when earned, regardless of availability. The following amounts reflect the net effect of the timing differences for revenue recognition:		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds until paid. The following amounts represent the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term liabilities: Accrued Interest Expense on Bonds Payable Amortization of Deferred Charges (2,279) Compensated Employee Absences Expense (5,123) Pension Costs and Amortization of the County's Investment Account with OCERS (61,633) Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds (14,039) Internal Service Funds (ISF) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, transportation, and telephone services to individual governmental funds. The loss of Internal Service Funds is eliminated in the Statement of Activities as an adjustment to the various functions to arrive at a break-even basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the Internal Service Funds are recorded in governmental activities. Allocation of ISF's Operating Loss to Governmental Activities, net of Business-Type Activities Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses to Governmental Activities (22,598) Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses to Governmental Activities For FY 2008-09, the annual required contribution for OPEB was \$25,900 and the annual OPEB cost was \$25,167. County contributions, totaling \$36,047 were deposited into the Retiree Medical Trust. The excess OPEB contribution of \$10,880 was treated as a reduction to the various functional expenses in order to correctly reflect each function's OPEB cost.	net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	, ,	(20,208)
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Pension Costs and Amortization of the County's Investment Account with OCERS Interest Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds Internal Service Funds (ISF) are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, transportation, and telephone services to individual governmental funds. The loss of Internal Service Funds is eliminated in the Statement of Activities as an adjustment to the various functions to arrive at a break-even basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the Internal Service Funds are recorded in governmental Activities. Allocation of ISF's Operating Loss to Governmental Activities, net of Business-Type Activities Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses to Governmental Activities For FY 2008-09, the annual required contribution for OPEB was \$25,900 and the annual OPEB cost was \$25,167. County contributions, totaling \$36,047 were deposited into the Retiree Medical Trust. The excess OPEB contribution of \$10,880 was treated as a reduction to the various functional expenses in order to correctly reflect each function's OPEB cost. (61,633) (14,039) (80,597) (80,597)	<u> </u>		
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Activities, net of Business-Type Activities Consolidation of Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses to Governmental Activities For FY 2008-09, the annual required contribution for OPEB was \$25,900 and the annual OPEB cost was \$25,167. County contributions, totaling \$36,047 were deposited into the Retiree Medical Trust. The excess OPEB contribution of \$10,880 was treated as a reduction to the various functional expenses in order to correctly reflect each function's OPEB cost. (22,598) (7,994)	the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, transportation, and telephone services to individual governmental funds. The loss of Internal Service Funds is eliminated in the Statement of Activities as an adjustment to the various functions to arrive at a break-even basis. Also, general or non-program revenues and expenses of the		
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	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(76,818)